California Department of Fish and Game Evaluation of the Potential Impact MPA Proposals May Pose for Abalone Management and Abalone Recreational Fisheries in the Marine Life Protection Act (MLPA) Initiative's North Central Coast Study Region (Revised May 29, 2008)

The establishment of Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) in the North Central Coast Study Region (NCCSR), from Alder Creek/Point Arena to Pigeon Point, may pose potential impacts to recreational abalone fisheries. The purpose of this evaluation is to provide background information on potential impacts that may be posed by the Integrated Preferred Alternative (IPA) proposal put forward by the Blue Ribbon Task Force (BRTF). The MPA proposals put forward by the North Central Coast Regional Stakeholder Group (NCCRSG) have been included for comparison.

Potential Impacts to Abalone Fishery Management

Abalone management may be affected if proposed MPAs encompass what are known as "index sites". These are areas of high or moderate fishing pressure which are used as long-term study sites to track abalone populations through time with fishery-independent surveys. None of the final stakeholder proposals encompass any existing abalone index sites.

Potential Impacts to Abalone Recreational Fisheries

The establishment of an MPA that prohibits abalone harvest in an area where abalone harvest is currently popular may curtail the amount of localized fishing that occurs. As a consequence, businesses that cater to recreational harvesters may also be affected by reductions in fishing activity. Such businesses may include (but are not limited to) lodging establishments, campgrounds, restaurants, dive shops and boat launches.

In order to provide a gauge for potential impacts of proposed MPAs to the recreational abalone fishery, abalone harvest data from California Department of Fish and Game (Department) abalone report cards are summarized here. Abalone harvesters are required by the Department to report every abalone taken and the general location of harvest on the report cards. For location of catch, harvesters must self-record the nearest pre-designated landing site provided on the card. These "coded sites" include launches, landmarks and coastal access points. These "coded sites" are not discrete points, but rather geographic areas within which many access points may occur.

The abalone report card system generates data that provide both catch quantities and an approximate geographic distribution of the abalone catch. Table 1 lists the abalone report card landing sites and the estimated landings for 2002-2006. Data prior to 2002 could not be used in this evaluation because individual bag limits were different from later years.

Stornetta Ranch Analysis

Prior to 2004, Stornetta Ranch near Point Arena Lighthouse was not accessible from shore for recreational abalone fishing by the general public. However, in August of 2004 the ranch opened for public access and use, and an area which had previously experienced little fishing pressure became accessible for harvest. As a result, 2004 abalone report card data showed a very large jump in abalone landings (more than double) attributed to the Point Arena Lighthouse coded landing site (catches at Stornetta Ranch are coded to the Point Arena Lighthouse landing site). Due to this event, an average of the Point Arena Lighthouse annual

landings for 2002-2003 and for 2005-2006 are provided separately in Table 2 to reflect differential catch before and after the public gained access to Stornetta Ranch. These data are used in all subsequent evaluations in this update.

Since the level and timeframe when effort will stabilize at the Point Arena Lighthouse site is unknown, analysis of the maximum potential impacts (assuming effort does not shift to other areas) each MPA proposal may have on abalone harvest is provided. For proposed MPAs that include the Point Arena Lighthouse site, this analysis provides separate estimates for annual average landings during the period prior to public access at Stornetta Ranch (2002-2003) and after public access at Stornetta Ranch (2005-2006) in figures 1-3. For all other sites, this analysis provides average estimated annual landings from 2002-2006. Additionally, Figure 4 provides the maximum potential impact each MPA proposal may have on the recreational abalone fishery. The analysis provided in Figure 4 uses the average annual landings from 2002-2006 for all sites except for data based on: 1) an average for 2005-2006 of the Point Arena Lighthouse data (solid bars); and 2) an average for 2002-2003 of the Point Arena Lighthouse data (hatched bars) to reflect catch subsequent to, and prior to, public gaining access at Stornetta Ranch.

It is important to note that though the new abalone take within Stornetta Ranch occurs at multiple locations, the bulk of new take is occurring within Sea Lion Cove (L. Rogers-Bennett, pers. com.). Because the Point Arena Lighthouse report card site includes all of the Stornetta Ranch area, including both previously accessed and newly accessed areas, the data cannot be used to attribute landings to any single location or cove within the complex. Therefore, the potential impact from Proposals 1-3 and 2-XA is likely to be different from Proposals 4 and , which is the only proposal that includes an MPA prohibiting abalone take at Sea Lion Cove, by a lower but unquantifiable amount.

For reference to the original evaluation (Feb 15, 2008), Figure 5 provides the approximate locations and estimated landings for each abalone report card landing site based only on 2005 data. This figure was created from the data presented in Map 13 of the *Regional Profile of the North Central Coast Study Region* (Alder Creek/Point Arena to Pigeon Point, California), October 8, 2007.

For each proposal, MPAs are listed according to geographic location from the north (top) to the south (bottom). The location of San Francisco Bay is indicated on each figure as a reference, because current state regulations do not allow abalone harvest south of this location.

Table 1. Abalone report card landing sites and associated 2002-2006 reported landings.

| Table 1. Abaione report card landing sites and associated 2002-2006 reported landings. | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| | | | | | | |
| Report Card Site | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | Annual Average |
| | | | | | | 8,317* |
| | • | • | | • | | 10,528 |
| | | | • | • | • | 6,801 |
| | • | | | | | 613 |
| | | | | | | 1,212 |
| • | | • | • | • | | 5,443 |
| • | | | • | - | | 986 |
| | | • | • | | | 1,047 |
| | , | | | | | 12,610 |
| | | | | • | | 227 |
| | | | | | _ | 1,974 |
| | • | • | • | • | • | 459 |
| - | | | | | | 1,823 |
| | • | • | | • | • | 7,784 |
| | - | | | • | • | 10,512 |
| | • | • | • | • | • | 6,191 |
| | • | • | • | • | • | 3,858 |
| | , | • | • | • | • | 8,660 |
| | • | | • | • | | 37,386 |
| • | | | • | • | • | 2,350 |
| | - | • | • | • | • | 1,032 |
| | | | • | | • | 1,282 |
| <u> </u> | | • | • | • | • | 2,515 |
| | • | • | • | • | - | 616 |
| • | | | | | | 134,186 |
| | Report Card Site Point Arena Lighthouse Arena Cove Moat Creek Schooner Gulch Saunders Landing Anchor Bay Robinson Pt Gualala Point Sea Ranch Black Point Stewarts Point Rocky Point Horseshoe Cove Fisk Mill Cove Salt Point Ocean Cove Stillwater Cove Timber Cove Fort Ross & Reef Camp Jenner Salmon Creek Bodega Head Tomales Point Point Reyes NCCSR total | Report Card Site 2002 Point Arena Lighthouse 1,673 Arena Cove 12,628 Moat Creek 6,153 Schooner Gulch 587 Saunders Landing 912 Anchor Bay 5,446 Robinson Pt 789 Gualala Point 1,181 Sea Ranch 14,466 Black Point 360 Stewarts Point 2,418 Rocky Point 376 Horseshoe Cove 2,418 Fisk Mill Cove 7,043 Salt Point 11,763 Ocean Cove 5,777 Stillwater Cove 3,643 Timber Cove 8,713 Fort Ross & Reef Camp 36,546 Jenner 1,882 Salmon Creek 60 Bodega Head 1,099 Tomales Point 2,873 Point Reyes 622 | Report Card Site 2002 2003 Point Arena Lighthouse 1,673 1,574 Arena Cove 12,628 11,917 Moat Creek 6,153 7,716 Schooner Gulch 587 730 Saunders Landing 912 1,137 Anchor Bay 5,446 6,470 Robinson Pt 789 1,311 Gualala Point 1,181 1,311 Sea Ranch 14,466 13,710 Black Point 360 293 Stewarts Point 2,418 2,458 Rocky Point 376 561 Horseshoe Cove 2,418 2,011 Fisk Mill Cove 7,043 7,369 Salt Point 11,763 11,738 Ocean Cove 5,777 6,664 Stillwater Cove 3,643 4,325 Timber Cove 8,713 9,221 Fort Ross & Reef Camp 36,546 37,429 Jenner 1,882 2,344 Salmon Creek | Report Card Site 2002 2003 2004 Point Arena Lighthouse 1,673 1,574 4,223 Arena Cove 12,628 11,917 10,946 Moat Creek 6,153 7,716 7,522 Schooner Gulch 587 730 559 Saunders Landing 912 1,137 1,769 Anchor Bay 5,446 6,470 5,593 Robinson Pt 789 1,311 1,164 Gualala Point 1,181 1,311 970 Sea Ranch 14,466 13,710 13,115 Black Point 360 293 171 Stewarts Point 360 293 171 Stewarts Point 376 561 285 Horseshoe Cove 2,418 2,011 1,860 Fisk Mill Cove 7,043 7,369 8,127 Salt Point 11,763 11,738 11,414 Ocean Cove 5,777 6,664 5,855 Stillwater Cove | Report Card Site 2002 2003 2004 2005 Point Arena Lighthouse 1,673 1,574 4,223 15,602 Arena Cove 12,628 11,917 10,946 7,364 Moat Creek 6,153 7,716 7,522 5,520 Schooner Gulch 587 730 559 803 Saunders Landing 912 1,137 1,769 1,338 Anchor Bay 5,446 6,470 5,593 4,759 Robinson Pt 789 1,311 1,164 605 Gualala Point 1,181 1,311 970 817 Sea Ranch 14,466 13,710 13,115 10,941 Black Point 360 293 171 310 Stewarts Point 2,418 2,458 2,077 1,155 Rocky Point 376 561 285 760 Horseshoe Cove 2,418 2,011 1,860 1,479 Fisk Mill Cove 7,043 7,369 | Report Card Site 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 Point Arena Lighthouse 1,673 1,574 4,223 15,602 18,511 Arena Cove 12,628 11,917 10,946 7,364 9,786 Moat Creek 6,153 7,716 7,522 5,520 7,094 Schooner Gulch 587 730 559 803 388 Saunders Landing 912 1,137 1,769 1,338 906 Anchor Bay 5,446 6,470 5,593 4,759 4,945 Robinson Pt 789 1,311 1,164 605 1,061 Gualala Point 1,181 1,3710 13,115 10,941 10,822 Black Point 360 293 171 310 0 Stewarts Point 2,418 2,458 2,077 1,155 1,760 Rocky Point 376 561 285 760 311 Horseshoe Cove 2,418 2,011 <td< td=""></td<> |

^{*}The Point Arena Lighthouse report card landing site includes data from Stornetta Ranch which opened to public access in 2004. Due to the recent increase of effort at this site, averages from 2002-2003 and 2005-2006 are reported below in Table 5 to reflect differential catch before and after the public gained access to Stornetta Ranch; data from 2004 are excluded because the area opened part way through the abalone season.

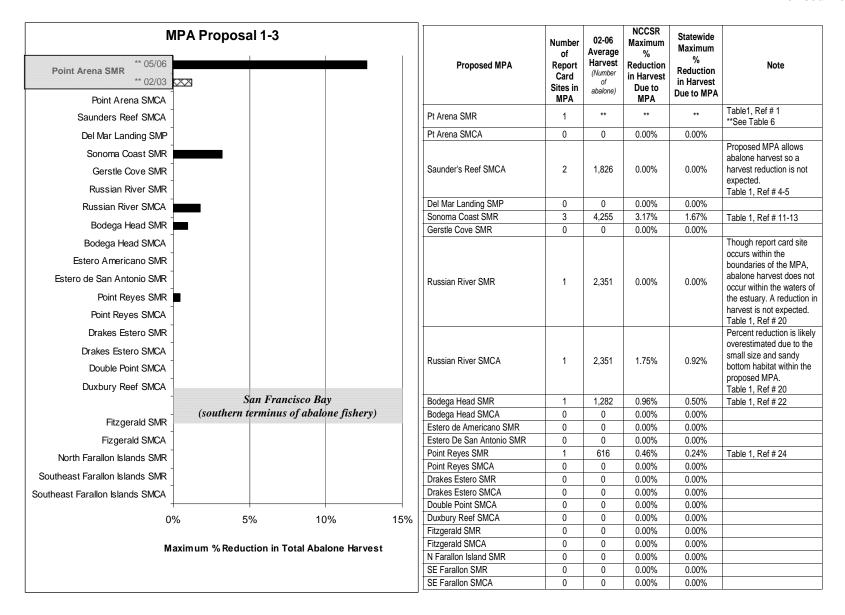
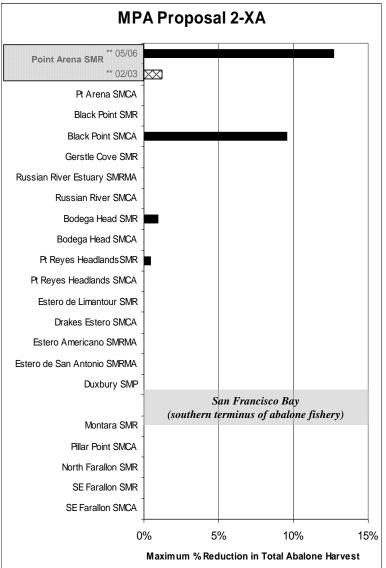


Figure 1 (Left), Table 2 (Right). MPA Proposal 1-3 - Maximum potential reductions in total abalone harvest by each proposed MPA, using an average for 2002-2006; Point Arena SMR impacts represent data from an average for 2002-2003 (hatched) and 2005-2006 (solid bars) to reflect differential catch before and after the public gained access to Stornetta Ranch, assuming no displacement of effort.



| Proposed MPA | Number of Report Card Sites in MPA | 02-06 Average Harvest (Number of abalone) | NCCSR Maximum % Reduction in Harvest Due to MPA | Statewide Maximum % Reduction in Harvest Due to MPA | Note |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| Point Arena SMR | 1 | ** | ** | ** | Table 1, Ref. #1 **See Table 6 |
| Point Arena SMCA | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Black Point SMR | 2 | 12,838 | 9.57% | 5.05% | Table 1, Ref # 9-10 |
| Black Point SMCA | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Gerstle Cove SMR | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Russian River Estuary SMRMA | 1 | 2,351 | 0.00% | 0.00% | Though report card site occurs within the boundaries of the MPA, abalone harvest does not occur within the waters of the estuary. A reduction in harvest is not expected. Table 1, Ref # 20 |
| Russian River SMCA | 1 | 2,351 | 0.00% | 0.00% | Proposed MPA allows abalone harvest so a harvest reduction is not expected. Table 1, Ref # 20 |
| Bodega Head SMR | 1 | 1,282 | 0.96% | 0.50% | Table 1, Ref # 22 |
| Bodega Head SMCA | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Pt. Reyes Headlands SMR | 1 | 616 | 0.46% | 0.24% | Table 1, Ref # 24 |
| Pt. Reyes Headlands SMCA | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Estero de Limantour SMR | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Drakes Estero SMCA | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Estero American SMRMA | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Estero de San Antonio SMRMA | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Duxbury SMP | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Montara SMR | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Pillar Point SMCA | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| North Farallon SMR | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| SE Farallon SMR | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| SE Farallon SMCA | 0 | 0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | |

Figure 2 (Left), Table 3 (Right). MPA Proposal 2-XA - Maximum potential reductions in total abalone harvest by each proposed MPA, using an average for 2002-2006; Point Arena SMR impacts represent data from an average for 2002-2003 (hatched) and 2005-2006 (solid bars) to reflect differential catch before and after the public gained access to Stornetta Ranch, assuming no displacement of effort.

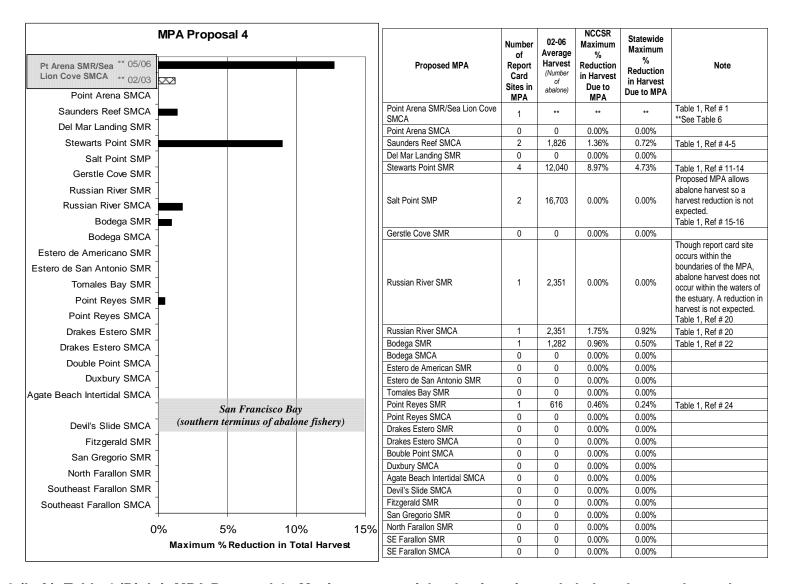


Figure 3 (Left), Table 4 (Right). MPA Proposal 4 - Maximum potential reductions in total abalone harvest by each proposed MPA, using an average for 2002-2006; Point Arena SMR/Sea Lion Cove SMCA impacts represent data from an average for 2002-2003 (hatched) and 2005-2006 (solid bars) to reflect differential catch before and after the public gained access to Stornetta Ranch, assuming no displacement of effort.

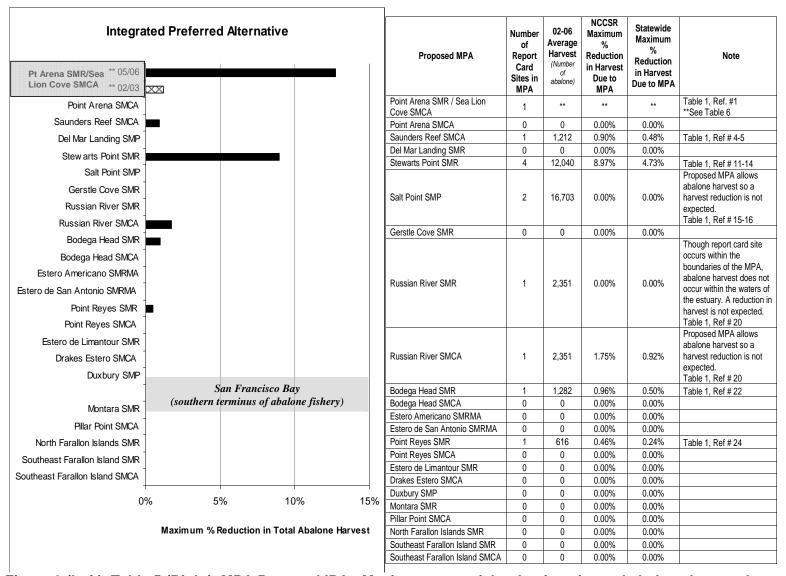


Figure 3 (Left), Table 5 (Right). MPA Proposal IPA - Maximum potential reductions in total abalone harvest by each proposed MPA, using an average for 2002-2006; Point Arena SMR/Sea Lion Cove SMCA impacts represent data from an average for 2002-2003 (hatched) and 2005-2006 (solid bars) to reflect differential catch before and after the public gained access to Stornetta Ranch, assuming no displacement of effort.

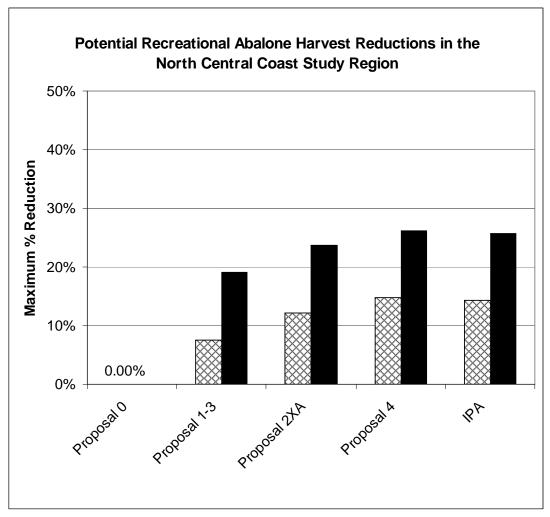


Figure 5. Maximum potential impact to abalone harvest for MPA proposals in the North Central Coast Study Region relative to total harvest for the study region. Proposal 0 represents the "no change alternative", or currently existing marine protected areas in the study region. Each bar represents the estimate of maximum potential harvest reduction for each proposal. To reflect the impacts of the public gaining access to Stornetta Ranch in 2004, for each vertical bar the average annual harvest from 2002-2006 was used for all sites but the Point Arena Lighthouse data that was included in each vertical bar was either the average harvest from 2002-2003 (hatched) or the average harvest from 2005-2006 (solid).

Table 6. Estimated average annual catch reported at the Point Arena Lighthouse report card site for three time frames; all years (2002-2006); before public access (2002-2003) and after public access (2005-2006) to Stornetta Ranch in 2004 (mid-season).

| Point Arena SMR / Sea Lion Cove SMCA | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Years | Average Catch | NCCSR Maximum % Reduction in Harvest Due to MPA | Statewide Maximum % Reduction in Harvest Due to MPA | | | | |
| 2002 - 2006 | 8,317 | 6.20% | 3.27% | | | | |
| 2002 - 2003 | 1,624 | 1.22% | 0.64% | | | | |
| 2005 - 2006 | 17,057 | 12.71% | 6.71% | | | | |

^{**} The Point Arena Lighthouse report card site includes Stornetta Ranch which opened to public access in 2004. It is important to note that though the new abalone take within Stornetta Ranch occurs at multiple locations, the bulk of new take is occurring within Sea Lion Cove (L. Rogers-Bennett, pers. com.). Because the Point Arena Lighthouse report card site includes all of the Stornetta Ranch area, including both previously open and newly opened areas, the data cannot be used to attribute landings to any single location within the complex. Therefore, the potential impact from Proposals 1-3 and 2-XA are likely to differ from Proposals 4 and IPA, which are proposals that include an MPA prohibiting abalone take at Sea Lion Cove.

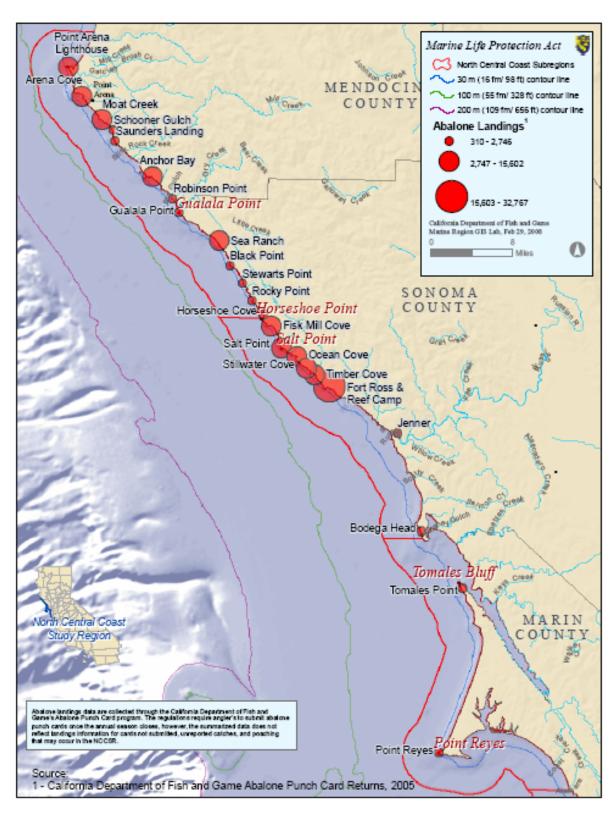


Figure 6. Approximate location of abalone report card landing sites showing estimated landings for 2005, created from Map 13 of the Regional Profile of the North Central Coast Study Region (October 8, 2007).